

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Interseal 670HS Part B**

## Section 1. Identification

Interseal 670HS Part B : GHS product identifier

EGA247 : Product code

| Identified uses                               |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Professional application of coatings and inks |  |  |  |
| Uses advised against Reason                   |  |  |  |
| All Other Uses                                |  |  |  |

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+966 3 812 1044 : **Emergency telephone** 

number (with hours of

: Supplier's details

operation)

: National advisory body/ Poison Centre (For use only

by licensed medical professionals.)

sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com : e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

## **Section 2. Hazards identification**

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2
ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

: Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS label elements**











: Hazard pictograms

: Hazard statements

Danger : Signal word

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

: Prevention

: Response

: Storage

: Disposal

: Supplemental label

elements

None known. : Other hazards which do not

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : Substance/mixture

| Classification   | CAS number | % by weight | Ingredient name  |
|--|------------|-------------|--|
| Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412  | 68919-79-9 | ≥25 - ≤50   | Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with triethylenetetramine   |
| Skin Corr. 1C, H314  Skin Sens. 1, H317  Aquatic Acute 1, H400  Aquatic Chronic 1, H410  | 68953-36-6 | ≥25 - ≤50   | Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine |
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | 1330-20-7  | ≥10 - <20   | xylene   |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332   | 100-51-6   | ≥5 - ≤10    | benzyl alcohol   |
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing<br>organs)<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304   | 100-41-4   | ≤3          | ethylbenzene   |

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

: Eye contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

: Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Ingestion

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage.

: Eye contact: Inhalation

May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

: Skin contact

Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Ingestion

May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

: Eye contact

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

headache

drowsiness/fatigue

dizziness/vertigo

muscle weakness

unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

: Inhalation

: Skin contact

: Ingestion

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

No specific treatment.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

: Notes to physician

: Specific treatments

: Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing Do not use water jet.

media

Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

: Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: For non-emergency personnel

: For emergency responders

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

: Environmental precautions

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Small spill explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: Protective measures

: Advice on general occupational hygiene



## Section 7. Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Exposure limits  | Ingredient name |
|--|-----------------|
| ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).  STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. | xylene          |
| ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  | ethylbenzene    |

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

: Appropriate engineering controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: Environmental exposure controls

#### Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

: Eye/face protection

### Skin protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a

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: Hand protection

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.EN ISO 13688 When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary according to EN529. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

: Body protection

: Other skin protection

: Respiratory protection

: Odour

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Amine-like.

Liquid. : Physical state

Beige. : Colour

Not available. : Odour threshold

Not applicable. : pH

Not available. : Melting point

Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene). : **Boiling point** 

Closed cup:  $38^{\circ}$ C (100.4°F) : Flash point

Not available. : Evaporation rate

Not available. : Flammability (solid, gas)

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol) : Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available. : Vapour pressure
Not available. : Vapour density

0.96 : Relative density

. Relative deficity

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. : Solubility

Not available. : Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available. : Auto-ignition temperature

Not available. : Decomposition temperature

Kinematic (room temperature): 326 mm²/s (326 cSt) : Viscosity

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. : Reactivity

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The product is stable. : Chemical stability

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. : Possibility of hazardous

reactions

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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

: Conditions to avoid

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

: Incompatible materials

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: Hazardous decomposition products

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Exposure | Dose        | Species | Result                 | Product/ingredient name |
|----------|-------------|---------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 4 hours  | 5000 ppm    | Rat     | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | xylene                  |
| -        | 4300 mg/kg  | Rat     | LD50 Oral              |                         |
| 4 hours  | >4178 mg/l  | Rat     | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | benzyl alcohol          |
| _        | 2000 mg/kg  | Rabbit  | LD50 Dermal            |                         |
| _        | 1620 mg/kg  | Rat     | LD50 Oral              |                         |
| _        | >5000 mg/kg | Rabbit  | LD50 Dermal            | ethylbenzene            |
| -        | 3500 mg/kg  | Rat     | LD50 Oral              |                         |

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Observation | Exposure                | Score | Species | Result                   | Product/ingredient name |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| -           | 87 milligrams           | -     | Rabbit  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | xylene                  |
| -           | 24 hours 5 milligrams   | -     | Rabbit  | Eyes - Severe irritant   |                         |
| -           | 8 hours 60 microliters  | -     | Rat     | Skin - Mild irritant     |                         |
| -           | 24 hours 500 milligrams | -     | Rabbit  | Skin - Moderate irritant |                         |
| -           | 100 Percent             | -     | Rabbit  | Skin - Moderate irritant |                         |
| -           | 48 hours 16 milligrams  | -     | Man     | Skin - Mild irritant     | benzyl alcohol          |
| -           | 100 Percent             | _     | Pig     | Skin - Moderate irritant |                         |
| -           | 24 hours 100 milligrams | -     | Rabbit  | Skin - Moderate irritant |                         |
| -           | 500<br>milligrams       | -     | Rabbit  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | ethylbenzene            |
| _           | 24 hours 15 milligrams  | -     | Rabbit  | Skin - Mild irritant     |                         |

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

| 3 3 3 3 3                    | Route of exposure | Category   | Name   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------|
| Respiratory tract irritation | Not applicable.   | Category 3 | xylene |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| 3 3 3 3        | Route of exposure | Category   | Name         |
|----------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|
| hearing organs | Not determined    | Category 2 | ethylbenzene |

### **Aspiration hazard**

| Result  | Name                   |
|---|------------------------|
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | xylene<br>ethylbenzene |

Not available. : Information on likely routes

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage. : Eye contact

May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : Skin contact

May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. : Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Eye contact

pain watering redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Inhalation

headache drowsiness/fatigue

dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Skin contact

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Ingestion

stomach pains

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available. : Potential immediate

effects

Not available. : Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Not available. : Potential immediate

effects

Not available. : Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Not available.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very : General

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Teratogenicity

: Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Fertility effects

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

| ATE value     | Route                |
|---------------|----------------------|
| 5500.6 mg/kg  | Oral                 |
| 10005.6 mg/kg | Dermal               |
| 45480 ppm     | Inhalation (gases)   |
| 94.28 mg/l    | Inhalation (vapours) |

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

| Exposure | Species                          | Result                            | Product/ingredient name |
|----------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 48 hours | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water | xylene                  |
| 96 hours | , · · ·                          | Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water |                         |

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Potential | BCF         | LogPow | Product/ingredient name |
|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------------------|
| low       | 8.1 to 25.9 | 3.12   | xylene                  |
| low       | -           | 0.87   | benzyl alcohol          |
| low       | -           | 3.6    | ethylbenzene            |

## **Mobility in soil**

Not available. : Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Other adverse effects

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling

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: Disposal methods

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## Section 13. Disposal considerations

is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

| IATA   | IMDG   | UN                             |                            |
|--|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| UN3469   | UN3469   | UN3469                         | UN number                  |
| PAINT, FLAMMABLE,<br>CORROSIVE   | PAINT, FLAMMABLE,<br>CORROSIVE. Marine pollutant<br>(Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction<br>products with<br>tetraethylenepentamine) | PAINT, FLAMMABLE,<br>CORROSIVE | UN proper<br>shipping name |
| 3 (8)  | 3 (8)  | 3 (8)                          | Transport hazard class(es) |
| III  | III  | III                            | Packing group              |
| No.  | Yes.   | No.                            | Environmental hazards      |
| The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  | -                              | Additional information     |

Not applicable. : IMDG Code Segregation group

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

Not available.

: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

: Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

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## Section 16. Other information

#### **Justification**

| Justification         | Classification                   |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| On basis of test data | Flam. Liq. 3, H226               |
| Calculation method    | Skin Corr. 1C, H314              |
| Calculation method    | Skin Sens. 1, H317               |
| Calculation method    | STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) |
| Calculation method    | Aquatic Acute 1, H400            |
| Calculation method    | Aquatic Chronic 1, H410          |

**History** 

18/08/2021 : Date of printing

18/08/2021 : Date of issue/Date of

revision

31/03/2017 : Date of previous issue

4 : Version

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate : Key to abbreviations

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Not available. : References

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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